THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1871.

The Chicago Tribune.

VOL. 24. CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1871. NO. 202.

WASHINGTON.

Yesterday's Proceedings in Congress.

Passage of the Southern Pacific Railroad Bill in the Senate.

Provisions of the Bill---List of the Incorporators.

House Republican Caucus Called to Consult as to Officers of the Next House.

Favorable Responses to the Treasury Circular Regarding the New Loan.

Woollen Manufacturers Ask for a Reduction of Duties.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

SENATE FOR THE UNEXPIRED TERM.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.—The House to-day voted, sixteen ayes to eighty-one nays, against a strong minority, to pay the gentleman who chaperoned and contested the seat of Mr. VanHorn, of Missouri, $5,000 to cover his expenses. Mr. VanHorn and most of the Missouri delegation advocated the payment.

THE FUNDING LOAN.

The Secretary of the Treasury reports that responses to his circular offering the new funding loan are very favorable, both from this country and abroad, and he thinks that he will be enabled to fill in pursuance of the 1st of April next and some proportion of the 4 and 6% per cents.

NAVAL CONTRACTORS' CLAIMS.

It was reported in these despatches, a few days ago, that the iron-clad contractors who are now pressing reimbursement for alleged loss in consequence of the war, and the awards of the Naval commission were increased more by a desire to vindicate the department than to do justice to them. In strict justice it needs to be added that the Committee on Claims sent the matter to the Commissioners of Naval Affairs at the suggestion of the claimants themselves.

HEALTH OF SENATOR SUMNER.

Mr. Sumner passed through last night rather poorly, and this morning was not so well as yesterday. This afternoon he was more comfortable, and if his kind friends would bear in mind that what he most requires is quiet and not company, the prospect of his restoration to health would be improved.

THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY BILL.

The House to-day passed by thirty majority the Senate bill incorporating and aiding the construction of the Southern Pacific Railroad, after an amendment cutting off all branches and throwing out the section requiring the road to be built on a five-foot gauge. Several members protested to this, saying it would make the road more height for northern connecting lines than the Southern ones.

CLOSE OF THE CARNIVAL.

To-day has been devoted wisely and strenuously to the carnival. Congress was in session, members transacted business in a purely mechanical manner, and everybody wore a frenzied and melancholy aspect. The weather was not so auspicious as on yesterday, the day being ushered in with a chilly northern wind and heavy overcast with threatening clouds, which latter at times would drizzle a penetrating moisture, and it was for this reason alone to the child who, on the day previous, lined Pennsylvania avenue. It is estimated that the influx of strangers to the city amounted to 15,000. The long-serained masked procession took up its line of march at 3 o'clock, forming at Fifteenth street, and ended at the capitol, thence countermarching to Seventh street, from the most critical and carping note of criticism, success. The costumes were were both rich and elegant, and the humorous hits at the leading features of the day were easily recognized and loudly cheered. The carnival winds up to-night by two grand balls, both of which are to be attended, and are, in every respect, successful affairs. The grand ball at the Corcoran Art Gallery last night is pronounced the most elegant and agreeable entertainment of the kind ever given in Washington.

APPORTIONMENT BILL PASSED.

The Senate, to-day, passed the Executive, Legislative, and Judicial Appropriation bill after having debated it eleven days. The most important amendment was probably that including (if unchanged) the Detroit river ship canal among the provisions of the interior Port of Entry bill are applicable.

REVENUE REFORM.

The Ways and Means Committee heard several gentlemen this morning. Mr. Wells urged the repeal of Aspey's bill reducing the duty on wool to 8 per cent. Mr. Hunt, of the firm of Hunt, Tillinghast & Co., of New York, and Mr. Edward Harris, of Rhode Island, appeared before the committee in favor of the repeal of the tax on the gross operations of the present rate of duty, in the manufacturing interest of those who have kept the fire of the enemies. They desire either the reduction asked for was looking toward free trade, in the future, in the interest of the protection of woollen manufacturers and of the wool-growers of the West. Mr. Hooper stated Mr. Harris would not sign a circular issued in 1867 asking Congress to enact the present tariff. He replied that its author was agreed to it without his knowledge or consent. Mr. Harris replied that the author was agreed to it without his knowledge or consent. Mr. H. N. Slates, Mr. R. G. Hayward, and himself, the only manufacturers of woollens in the country, were opposed to the present tariff rates.

The President this morning signed the bill to provide a Territorial Government for the District of Columbia, and transmitted to the Senate the message, for record. No appointment of Governor and Secretary have yet been made, nor will be for some days. The candidates and their respective chances remain as mentioned heretofore in these correspondence.

(To the Associated Press.)

REDUCTION OF DUTY DEMANDED BY THE WOOLLEN INTEREST.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—A delegation of the manufacturers and woollen commission merchants before the Ways and Means Committee to-day, asked for a uniform duty of three cents at all ports of entry on free wool, and a duty of 10 per cent. ad valorem on cost of scouring on unmarketable wool. Mr. Wells, of the first delegation, and Mr. Hooper, of the second, have appeared asking for protection to the wool-growers.

CHARITY CLOSE AT HAND.

The following is a copy of a letter received this morning from Halifax, N. S., dated 21st, and addressed to Mr. Jacob Bunker, of this city:

The British ship Zoe, from Boston, bound to Prince, sailed on the 9th instant, and on the 11th off Chilcote, was wrecked; last night, off Bell Rock, near Halifax. The vessel and cargo are reported to be a total loss. (Signed)

"H. M. JACKSON,
"United States Consul."

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS CALLED.

The Republican members elect of the Forty-second Congress met in caucus this evening in the room in the Hall of Representatives on Thursday, Feb. 23, at 7:30 p. m., to nominate candidates for the officers of the House.

THE CIVIL APPROPRIATION BILL.

The bill making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government passed the Senate as the Appropriation Committee yesterday, and reported it. In appropriations over $12,000,000. The principal items are for completing the Washington aqueduct, and repairing and refurnishing the Executive Mansion, $25,000; for the expenses of the revenue marine service; for the salaries and expenses of the clerks of United States Courts; for surveying and selling public lands; for the contingent expenses of the President's Bureau; for census; for expenses of printing the Congressional Globe, and for stationery and variety of other purposes.

Appropriations to the amount of $1,000,000 for colonel expenses; $90,000 for the Freedmen's Bureau; $5,000,000 for the Pacific Railroad; $50,000 for Capitol and Central grounds; $40,000 to extend the government printing office; $50,000 for the expenses of the Joint High Commission on the northeastern boundary question; $100,000 for the Commissioners of Emigration; and $50,000 for the Commissioners of Fisheries.

A SLOW AIMED AT FRAUD.

A MEETING of the Republican Club, this (Tuesday) morning, by Van Wyck, to prevent fraudulent registration, was a failure. Only about a dozen people were present, and the meeting broke up without organizing by the appointment of a chairman or secretary. Van Wyck, in person, distributed circulars, by circular, and bill or advertisement, calling upon all "true men" to meet at the Club-room at 10 o'clock, "all fees, forged or counterfeit Tuesday," and to "bring their friends." The meeting was called for the purpose of "preventing the impersonation of 5 or 6 votes on each ticket on election day, and put down the fraudulent registration of 5 votes on each ticket on election day, and put down the fraudulent registration of 5 votes on each ticket on election day, and put down the fraudulent registration of 5

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Poems, by ELIZABETH AKERS ALLEN, LOU BECKER, and MARY E. RYDER.
A New Foreign Department; Literary Notices; "Home and Society," etc., including Articles on "LITTLE DORRIT," "EQUINE NATURE," "THE OLD CABINET" is an account of the celebrated American, "Mr. Jarley's WAX Work Show."
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DISEASES FROM VETERINARIANS: Pleuro-Pneumonia—Epizootics—Destruction of the Parasite—Worms—Twisted Spasms, Cured Tetanus—Lockjaw.
THE APIARY: The First and Most Important Lesson in Bee-Keeping—Hallard Honey—Wax in the Bee—Rate of Hives—Complete Control over the Swarm—Bee-Characters Wanted.
WASHINGTON: The Joint High Commission on the Alabama Claims—Sketch of the Members.
THE INDIANS: Report of the Board of Commissioners—A Good Year's Work—Improvement of the General Condition of the Indians—Permanent Peace Probably Secured.
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FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT: A Family in Flames—The Deaths of "Four Sisters" Gazette.
FLIGHT OF WINTER: Its Cause Explained by Sidney Mr Dreiler.
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MICHIGAN FARMS OFFERED FOR SALE.
THE TENNESSEE: Her Sale Arrival at San Domingo—Interesting Correspondence—Letter from Admiral—Burial Interview with Baez—The Inhabitants Received by Them with Enthusiasm.
FUTURE OF THE NOTE: A Committee of the Bankers' Association.
BOSTWART: Review of the Money Market for the Week.
The Chicago Weekly Tribune has a larger and better circulation in the West than any other journal. It is the cheapest medium for advertising for those who wish to secure the patronage of the people of the West. A limited number of advertisements will be taken, at moderate rates. Subscription price of Tri-Weekly, $5 per annum, with a liberal reduction for a club of ten or more.

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The Ladd Patent Stiffened
GOLD WATCH CASES,
For Movements of American Manufacture, in both open and hunting cases, in great variety and of the LIGHTEST POSSIBLE WEIGHT. Also, a full line of Watch Cases for sale by the trade only, by the manufacturers, JAMES BOSS & CO., 27 Maiden Lane, New York.
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Seed Time is Near!
THOSE WHO HAVE BEEN DISAPPOINTED in getting their seeds this year should not be discouraged, but send for a list of those that have purchased are invited to give us a trial.
Landreth's Warranted Garden Seeds
ARE GUARANTEED TO BE WHAT IS REPRESENTED, a fact not considered with the usually worthless stock sold by seedsmen generally. They have been before the public NINETY YEARS, and are the only seeds that have ever received a PREMIUM at the Fairs of the American Institute, New York. Sold by JOHNSTON & COLES, 52 Randolph-st., Chicago. Northwestern Depot for the sale of Landreth's Warranted Garden Seeds.
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1372 Girard-st., Philadelphia, Pa.
Mr. GEORGE HOWELL and Miss ANNIE HOWELL, Principals. The Thirty-first Session will commence on Wednesday, Sept. 14, 1870. For Circulars, address the Principals, as above.
COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.
COPARTNERSHIP.
JOHN B. GARDINER, of Chicago, Ill., and ALFRED COOKE, of Hale Barton, England, have this day formed a copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the Wine and Spirit business in Chicago, under the firm name of JOHN B. GARDINER & CO. JOHN B. GARDINER, ALFRED COOKE. Chicago, Feb. 16, 1871.
JOHN B. GARDINER, ALFRED COOKE.
United Chicago, Feb. 16, 1871.
DISSOLUTION.
The undersigned, JOHN B. GARDINER and ALFRED COOKE, of Chicago, Ill., and Hale Barton, England, have this day formed a copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the Wine and Spirit business in Chicago, under the firm name of JOHN B. GARDINER & CO. JOHN B. GARDINER, ALFRED COOKE. Chicago, Feb. 16, 1871.
JOHN B. GARDINER, ALFRED COOKE.
United Chicago, Feb. 16, 1871.
DISSOLUTION.
The firm of GARDINER, JOHNSON & COLES, 52 Randolph-st., Chicago, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by the undersigned under the firm name of JOHNSTON & COLES. All persons indebted to the late firm will please call and settle. JOHNSTON & COLES. Chicago, Feb. 16, 1871.
DISSOLUTION.
The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of GARDINER & JOHNSON, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm will please call and settle. JOHN B. GARDINER, JOHN JOHNSON. Chicago, Feb. 16, 1871.
BUSINESS CARDS.
THOMAS MORRIS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, 79 Clark-st., Chicago. Collections promptly attended to.

THE SPORTING WORLD.

New Rules for the French Game --Opening of the Tournament.

Base Ball--Great Pigeon Shooting by Bogardus.

Billiards.

An adjourned meeting of the contestants in the North-western billiard tournament was held, yesterday afternoon, at Tom Foley's hall, for the purpose of receiving and acting upon the report of the Committee on Rules, consisting of Messrs. Peary, Pierce, and Overman, respectively. The report was adopted, the principal feature of the new code consisting in the abolition of the "three-inch" point that has ever been published, but later beads together and earned upon numerous important points of regulation and dispute. The following is a synopsis of the rules, as altered as finally adopted by the meeting:

Rule 2 is so altered that the general game of three-ball carroms in billiard rooms shall be so construed as to allow the contestants to play either upon each carom to count.

Rule 3 is amended by adding: "When a player is in hand such a carom (safety and the object balls are within the string, but close to the cushion) shall be considered the game; but if either of the object balls be touched by the player in hand, or if either of the object balls within the string-cord and the player in hand, such carom shall not count.

Rule 4 is so altered as to provide that a forfeiting shall be considered won, and the player forfeiting shall not be allowed to score a point thereafter.

Rule 11 contains a highly important modification, the off-string the "freezing" of balls. It reads as follows: "If the balls be found to be frozen with one or more balls, the player in hand has the option of playing his score, or of the balls frozen, by rank, worse, or otherwise, or he has the privilege of spotting one of the balls frozen at the commencement of the game."

Rule 12 is amended so as to give the player an opportunity of intentionally scoring on subject ball, as follows: "If, in the act of striking, the cue shall accidentally touch the ball, he may play for safety—excepting when it shall be clear to the referee that the touching of the ball was intentional, in which case the player shall forfeit the game." Rule 13 is for safety. The remainder of this rule is left as before.

Rule 21 is altogether new, and is designed to put a stop to repeated and consecutive miss-in-hand play. It provides that "it shall be the privilege of each contestant to play three consecutive shots, after the opponent has missed, but if he cannot score with one of the three shots he forfeits the game. Shots are made consecutive by the striking of the object balls, and not by the striking of the cushions. Rule 22 is perfect in its opposition one point for each and all pots made in hand, unless otherwise specified in the rules governing the game.

Rule 23 is entirely new, and relates to the manner of scoring. It reads as follows: "When the counters of both players are at the same point, the two object balls are withdrawn by the end and side couplings of a carom table, the balls shall be considered as in hand, and the player in hand shall play for the game." Another great novelty, "The Cue Point Table," is under way at work on new scoring tables, and it is expected that they will be ready for the tournament to-day. Mr. Foley has also received a new set of rules governing the game of three-ball carroms, which are to be published in pamphlet form, and will be for sale at the billiard rooms.

Base Ball.

A CINCINNATI OPINION.

The Cincinnati Commercial says that "the Waltz Stockings for 1871 are a second-rate club." As the Commercial is not as a rule the slayer no opportunity of intentionally misstating an subject but, as likewise, it is, or ought to be, its care to be correct in its statements of fact. Its assertion will therefore be accepted by those who are abundant from good hands. Repeatedly reliable are the biographies of excellent men, and the interesting account of the great Coal Swindle. Why Doubt Fire is Paid for Coal—Extraordinary Revelations—Germany and France; A Small-Sized Doctrine—Letter to the Queen of France.

Pigeon Shooting.

ST. LOUIS TOURNAMENT POST.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—In the pigeon-shooting match, between Captain Bogardus and forty-six out of fifty shot.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE DEARBORN THEATER.

The programme at the Dearborn Theatre for this week is one full of attraction, not alone in talented performers, but in general variety and effects. Hath's always welcome oration, Kent's ballads, and the wonderful performances of Mr. Bernard Rosenbaum in "The Young Sonny," form the minstrel part. "The Fifty Round the World," which is the title of the first of the favorable comic number, which has not lost a particle of its merit, and is received with as much favor as seventh week of its run. The concluding piece is "The Happy Family," in which Mr. Frank Drew, as "The Tramp," a spectacular sketch, by Mr. Frank Drew, introduces a host of living animals, fairies, fairie, gnomes, rockers, sardines, and other wonderful creatures. Besides these, the intermediate settings are exquisite in design and finish, and the whole is a perfect picture. Miss Kelly, the scenic artist of the theatre. The first scene is a view of the Bay of Naples, from which transform into "The Coral Boudoir," a scene which is beautiful in the extreme. The whole is one of the most delightful sketches, and indicates a detail in plan and color which is rare, whose rooms can be seen expanding from the like. The subsequent scene is a fairy grotto, richly and beautifully handled, with branches from the sides, sprinkled over and the whole covered and pendants stretching away in an admirable perspective. The next scene is a garden of ices, and the exquisite fancy of design in this scene, which has been completely changed by the dramatic stage, and opens volumes for the study of the artistic genius of the author and artist. The effects of the people on the stage are also worthy of notice, and are perfect in this respect, they give an excellent satire on the habits of Gotham. Another great novelty, "The Cave of Fairies," is under way at work on new scenery for it. The place is one which is suggestive of the most delightful fancies, and will be full of attractive novelties.

THE OLYMPIC THEATER.

"The Lancashire Lass" was given at the Olympic last night, and Mr. John Dillon made his second appearance of the season. It should be said in commendation of the management that the meaningless exhibition as his presentation in this play calculated to create ill feeling against him cannot be found to laugh at the pitiable exhibition which he made of himself. Mr. Dillon is a gentleman on the Chicago stage, and we can see no reason why his private affairs should be made a bit in the presentation of his professional duties, while the latter are performed in a manner which is creditable to himself and satisfactory to the audience, he is entitled to respect. In making it, shall not be allowed to score the point so effected, and the opponent shall be entitled to no point.

THE ZOOPRAXIST.

was inaugurated at Metropolitan Hall, last evening, by a goodly audience, including several ladies, being present. Mr. Harrison occupied a seat in the balcony. The arrangement of seats was very unsatisfactory, and the ventilation bad. The management and those of Frank Parker, the manager of the instrument, were in attendance. Before everything was in readiness, and after Henry Haines had delivered a short address, the first contestants, Messrs. Coon and Liverman, were called to the platform. Mr. Coon was further addressed for the lead, which was won by Liverman, who played 15 points to 11. Coon stopped at 4. Coon followed two slowly at 9:56, but in the next game Liverman led 15 to 4, and, discovering it, forthwith, by 15, and, further on, 21. The play was very close, and the game was in favor of Coon, and the only interest to be taken was in the number of points he would score. He would succeed in making 8. He realized his ambition by scoring 10 out of 21.

LIVERMAN—4, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1

FOREIGN.

Further Speculations Regarding the Probable Terms of Peace.

Statement of the Losses of the French and German Armies in January.

Suffering Caused by the Scarcity of Fuel in Paris.

Rumors of Negotiations for the Transfer of the Holy See to Belgium.

FRANCE.

PEACE SPECULATIONS.

[Special to the New York World.]

LONDON, Feb. 21.—A despatch from Bordeaux says: Count Chaudordy is willing to resign Metz if Luxemburg is given to Germany. Metz is of prime importance to France, and is of no value to Germany. Luxemburg is of great importance, and employing even threatening language.

PARIS, Feb. 21.—Thiers' plan is to demolish the forts around Paris, cede France to the Germans, being next the French army, giving the Germans a position to overawe Paris, and constitute M. Grevy Chancellor, which he has the supreme law, and provide for a revision of the Constitution. The Council of Paris shall be kept the system given them the German terms will be accepted without modification.

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GERMANY.

BERLIN, Feb. 20.—The *Nord Deutsche Zeitung* says that the war will follow a peace which will not protect Germany, but will be a fresh aggressor even in Germany, if it does not secure the integrity of Alsace and Lorraine, which, the people, after the sacrifices, have resigned to expect.

SWITZERLAND.

GENEVA, Feb. 21.—The number of French soldiers who surrendered to the forces of Switzerland is 87,000. Of these 27,000 were sent under guard to the Eastern cantons, to prevent their escape into France.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—The statement that Bright is likely to resign as President of the Board of Trade is premature as he will most likely take a position in the Cabinet.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—Lord Houghton's motion in favor of Home Rule in Ireland was defeated in the House of Lords by a vote of 97 to 34.

PARIS, Feb. 21.—The Count de Chambord has declined the candidature of Count Chambord.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Gladstone objected to proclaiming the Fenian Brotherhood an Association dangerous to the public peace. He believed that the improvement of machinery had diminished the necessity of one of the topics of their deliberations.

Mr. Fitzmaurice introduced a motion favoring proxy representation in Parliament. He opposed it in the interest of the government.

A long debate followed, in which the motion was lost by 61 to 41.

Mr. Gladstone, replying to the debate, said he could not, consistently with his duties, accept the motion. He, however, objected to the language and attacks of the opposition, explained that the expressions used by the Irish members were not intended to refer to the habitual character of the Protestant clergy, but to the particular case of the Protestant clergy of Ireland, as a religion professed by a minority, and not intended to be defended in its course in Ireland.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 21.—It is rumored that negotiations are pending between the Court of Rome and the Catholic party here, for the transfer of the Holy See to Belgium.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Feb. 20.—Queen Maria Victoria is confined. It will probably terminate fatally. The Queen will not survive her child, but is still in a state of delirium. The Queen's mother has been summoned to her bedside.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 21.—In consequence of the approaching departure of troops for Germany, the Government has ordered a reduction in the railway fares. The Government has also ordered a statement of the financial condition of the country. The statement will show a surplus of 15,000,000 roubles.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Feb. 21.—The Reichsrath Presidential Committee has been reconstructed. The Czechs will not be represented. The Government will submit the Concordat to the Reichsrath. It is stated that the Government has declared that it will not support the autonomy of the Tyrol.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 21.—The Porte has addressed circulars to the Powers, declaring that the Treaty of Paris was not recognized by the Sultan's subjects, and that the Porte would not be responsible for any consequences.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—Thirty-five, and Pleuat upwards, were to go to Versailles.

All the Republican States will recognize the new French Government.

Mr. Washburne, the Dutch Minister, will present his credentials to the Republican Government of France.

Count de Chambord has resigned to Count de Paris the position of Pretender to the throne of France.

The Government of Prussia has consented to the reconstruction of the French Chamber of Commerce.

The Government of Prussia has granted to the Germans, being next the French army, giving the Germans a position to overawe Paris, and constitute M. Grevy Chancellor, which he has the supreme law, and provide for a revision of the Constitution. The Council of Paris shall be kept the system given them the German terms will be accepted without modification.

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NEW YORK.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—At to-day's market the country was very calm, and prices were lower. The money market was dull, heavy, and closed easy. The only transaction reported were 10,000 at

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.

To-morrow being Washington's birthday, a legal holiday, no business will be transacted at the Stock Exchange, Banks, Custom House, or down-town generally.

MONEY.

The market on Wall street were dull to-day, the chief feature is the extreme ease and abundance of money, and the low rates of interest. Loans on call were easy at 5@6 per cent, with the market in favor of borrowers, and 6 per cent for the paper. The inflation of the currency by the government and the large deposits in banks, owing to the large sales of coupon bonds is increasing, even at the current low rates of interest. The Assistant Treasurer, to-day, received proposals for government bonds to the amount of $2,315,150, at prices ranging from 108.42 to 113.38.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE MARKET

was firm, but some private bankers were 1/4@1/2 per cent lower. Rates were sold at 109@, long 110@111. Although not apart from 110@ to 109@ for prime.

GOVERNMENTS.

The gold market was steady throughout the day at 111@, to 111@. The rates paid for carrying were, 2-32@ and 4 per cent. After the board $40 loaned the quotations were 111@ to 111@.

GOVERNMENTS.

The government bond market was strong, with an increased demand for investors. Central Pacific bonds were sold at 94@ to 94@.

THE STOCK MARKET

was firm, and advanced in the morning with the movement chiefly in Lake Shore, Wabash, Pacific Mail, and Western Union. Prices closed off from the highest quotations. Southern securities were quiet and steady. Union Pacific first mortgage bonds closed at 92@, land grants, 81@, 80@, sinking fund, 81@, 80@.

[To the Associated Press:]

RAILROAD ELECTION.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—The annual election of the Indianapolis, Cincinnati & Lafayette & Western Railroad, resulted in the election of

JOHN W. SIMMONS,

known as "Joe" Simmons, better known as the New York lobbyist, who, after a long struggle, was defeated for the Speakership of the Assembly, and a large crowd gathered around the Capitol to congratulate him. He was filled with rejoicing for the family. Congressmen and Senators were among the latest to pay homage to the defeated man, were policemen and

THE SUB-COMMITTEE.

The sub-committee, to whom was referred the charges against Judge Barnard, have returned the Circuses, meet to-morrow.

PERSONAL.

O'Donovan Rossa has gone to Boston last night, to meet Genera Halpin and escort him to this city.

NEW TRIAL.

Dr. Gwynne, who some days ago was convicted of perjury in the Court of Common Pleas, has obtained a stay of proceedings for a new trial.

ILLINOIS.

Settlement of the Peoria Whiskey Cases—Enormous Earnings—Celebrations—Right of Way to Railroads.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

SPRINGFIELD, Feb. 21.—The United States officers here have received official instructions from the government of the propositions made by Messrs. Bailey & Hardy, of Peoria, for the settlement of some seventy suits now pending in the United States Courts.

The earnings of the Toledo, Wabash & Western Railroad for the month of January were $1,371,776 (or same month last year, $1,371,776; for same month, 1869, $1,371,776; for same month, 1868, $1,371,776; for same month, 1867, $1,371,776; for same month, 1866, $1,371,776; for same month, 1865, $1,371,776; for same month, 1864, $1,371,776; for same month, 1863, $1,371,776; for same month, 1862, $1,371,776; for same month,